

Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Name

Pecora BC-158

Product Use

One Part Butyl Rubber Sealant

Restrictions on Use

None known.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Pecora Corporation

165 Wambold Road

Harleysville, PA 19438

Phone: (215) 723-6051

Emergency Phone #: (800) 424-9300 – CHEMTREC (US/Canada)

Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification in accordance with paragraph (d) of 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Flammable Liquids - Category 3

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation - Vapor - Category 4

Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 1B

Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure - Category 1 (respiratory system)

GHS Label Elements

Symbol(s)







Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statement(s)

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

Causes damage to organs.

Precautionary Statement(s)

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flame/hot surfaces - No smoking.

Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Page 1 of 12 Revision date: August 5, 2020 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response

In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

If exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Specific treatment (see label).

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Statement(s) of Unknown Acute Toxicity

Inhalation 56.293% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity.

Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Component Name	Percent	
1317-65-3	Calcium carbonate	30-60	
64742-48-9	Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy	30-60	
68081-82-3	1,3-Butadiene, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2-methyl-1-propene, chlorinated	5-10	
14807-96-6	Talc	1-5	
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	0.1-1	
1333-86-4	Carbon black	<0.1	

Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation

IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin

IF ON SKIN Wash with plenty of soap and water If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

Eves

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do NOT induce vomiting

Most Important Symptoms/Effects

Acute

Harmful if inhaled. May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

Page 2 of 12 Revision date: August 5, 2020



Delayed

May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs.

Note to Physicians

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical, regular foam or water.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use high-pressure water streams.

Special Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable liquid and vapor. Upon decomposition, this product emits carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Upon decomposition, this product emits carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons.

Advice for firefighters

Heating may cause an explosion. Containers may rupture or explode.

Fire Fighting Measures

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking Move material from fire area if it can be done without risk Avoid inhalation of vapors or combustion by-products. Dike for later disposal. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

A positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full-body protective equipment are required for fire emergencies.

Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Wear personal protective clothing and equipment, see Section 8.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. In case of spillage, stop the flow of material and block any potential routes to water systems. Only personnel trained for the hazards of this material should perform clean up and disposal.

Environmental Precautions

Do not flush into sanitary sewer systems, drains or surface water. Avoid release to the environment.

Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Keep away from heat, sparks, and flames. Keep away from all ignition sources. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wear recommended personal protective equipment. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment, see Section 8. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Store in a cool dry place. Store in a well-ventilated area. Keep separated from incompatible substances. Keep container tightly closed. Empty containers may contain product residue. Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Avoid contact with temperatures above 120 C.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizer.

Page 3 of 12	Revision date: August 5, 2020



Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Component Exposure Limits

Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3		
NIOSH:	10 mg/m3 TWA total dust ; 5 mg/m3 TWA respirable dust		
OSHA (US):	15 mg/m3 TWA total dust ; 5 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction		
Mexico:	10 mg/m3 TWA VLE-PPT		
	20 mg/m3 STEL [PPT-CT]		
Talc	14807-96-6		
ACGIH:	2 mg/m3 TWA particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter		
NIOSH:	2 mg/m3 TWA (containing no Asbestos and <1% Quartz) respirable dust		
	1000 mg/m3 IDLH (containing no asbestos and <1% quartz)		
OSHA (US):	20 mppcf TWA (if 1% Quartz or more use Quartz limit)		
Mexico:	2 mg/m3 TWA VLE-PPT respirable fraction		
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7		
ACGIH:	10 mg/m3 TWA		
NIOSH:	2.4 mg/m3 TWA (CIB 63) fine ; 0.3 mg/m3 TWA (CIB 63) ultrafine, including engineered nanoscale		
	5000 mg/m3 IDLH		
OSHA (US):	15 mg/m3 TWA total dust		
Mexico:	10 mg/m3 TWA VLE-PPT as Ti		
	20 mg/m3 STEL [PPT-CT] as Ti		
Carbon black	1333-86-4		
ACGIH:	3 mg/m3 TWA inhalable particulate matter		
NIOSH:	3.5 mg/m3 TWA; 0.1 mg/m3 TWA (Carbon black in presence of Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons) as PAH		
	1750 mg/m3 IDLH		
OSHA (US):	3.5 mg/m3 TWA		



Mexico:	3.5 mg/m3 TWA VLE-PPT
	7 mg/m3 STEL [PPT-CT]

ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

There are no biological limit values for any of this product's components.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation equipment should be explosion-resistant if explosive concentrations of material are present. Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system.

Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a faceshield.

Respiratory Protection

Selection and use of respiratory protective equipment should be in accordance in the USA with OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910.134; or in Canada with CSA Standard Z94.4.

Glove Recommendations

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Protective Materials

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	paste	Physical State	liquid		
Odor	petroleum odor	Color	Not available		
Odor Threshold	Not available	рН	Not available		
Melting Point	Not available	Boiling Point	155 - 217 °C (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)		
Boiling Point Range	Not available	Freezing point	Not available		
Evaporation Rate	Not available	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available		
Autoignition Temperature	Not available	Flash Point	40 - 60 °C (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)		
Lower Explosive Limit	Not available	Decomposition temperature	Not available		
Upper Explosive Limit	Not available	Vapor Pressure	(Heavier than air)		
Vapor Density (air=1)	Not available	Specific Gravity (water=1)	Not available		
Water Solubility	(negligible)	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available		
Viscosity	(varies)	Kinematic viscosity Not available			

Page 5 of 12 Revision date: August 5, 2020



Solubility (Other)	Not available	Density	1.26 (approximate)		
Physical Form	paste	VOC	106 g/l		
Molecular Weight	Not available				

Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No reactivity hazard is expected.

Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Will not polymerize.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Avoid contact with temperatures above 120 C.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizer.

Hazardous decomposition products

Upon decomposition, this product emits carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons.

Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation

Harmful if inhaled.

Skin Contact

May cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact

May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

Acute and Chronic Toxicity

Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

The components of this material have been reviewed in various sources and the following selected endpoints are published:

Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy (64742-48-9)

Oral LD50 Rat >6000 mg/kg (no deaths occurred)

Dermal LD50 Rabbit >3160 mg/kg

Inhalation LC50 Rat >8500 mg/m3 4 h

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

Oral LD50 Rat >10000 mg/kg

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

Oral LD50 Rat >15400 mg/kg

Product Toxicity Data

Acute Toxicity Estimate

Dermal	> 2000 mg/kg		
Inhalation - Vapor	11 mg/L		

Page 6 of 12 Revision date: August 5, 2020



Oral	> 2000 mg/kg
------	--------------

Immediate Effects

Harmful if inhaled. May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

Delayed Effects

May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs.

Irritation/Corrosivity Data

May cause skin, eye, and/or respiratory irritation.

Respiratory Sensitization

No information on significant adverse effects.

Dermal Sensitization

No information on significant adverse effects.

Component Carcinogenicity

Talc	14807-96-6
ACGIH:	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (containing no asbestos fibers)
IARC:	Monograph 93 [2010] (inhaled); Supplement 7 [1987] ; Monograph 42 [1987] (Group 3 (not classifiable))
DFG:	Category 3B (could be carcinogenic for man ;free of asbestos fibers)
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7
ACGIH:	A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
IARC:	Monograph 93 [2010]; Monograph 47 [1989] (Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans))
DFG:	Category 3A (could be carcinogenic for man ;inhalable fraction with the exception of ultra small particles)
OSHA:	Present
NIOSH:	potential occupational carcinogen
Carbon black	1333-86-4
ACGIH:	A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
IARC:	Monograph 93 [2010]; Monograph 65 [1996] (Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans))
DFG:	Category 3B (could be carcinogenic for man ;inhalable fraction)
OSHA:	Present
NIOSH:	potential occupational carcinogen

Results of a DuPont epidemiology study showed that employees who had been exposed to titanium dioxide pigments were at no greater risk of developing lung cancer than were employees who had not been exposed to titanium dioxide pigments. No pulmonary fibrosis was found in any of the employees and no associations were observed between titanium dioxide pigment exposure and chronic respiratory disease or lung abnormalities. Based on the results of this study, DuPont concluded that titanium dioxide pigment will not cause lung cancer or chronic respiratory disease in humans at concentrations experienced in the workplace.

Page 7 of 12 Revision date: August 5, 2020



Germ Cell Mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

Tumorigenic Data

No information on significant adverse effects.

Reproductive Toxicity

No information on significant adverse effects.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

respiratory system.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

No target organs identified.

Aspiration hazard

May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

No data available.

Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Component Analysis - Aquatic Toxicity

Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9		
Fish:	LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 2200 mg/L		
Talc	14807-96-6		
Fish:	LC50 96 h Brachydanio rerio >100 g/L [semi-static]		

Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

Dispose in accordance with all applicable federal, state/regional and local laws and regulations

Component Waste Numbers

The U.S. EPA has not published waste numbers for this product's components.

Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US DOT Information:

Shipping Name: HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S., (Contains: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)

Hazard Class: 3 UN/NA #: UN3295 Packing Group: III Required Label(s): 3

IATA Information:

Shipping Name: HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S., (Contains: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)

Hazard Class: 3 UN#: UN3295 Packing Group: III Required Label(s): 3

IMDG Information:

Page 8 of 12 Revision date: August 5, 2020



Shipping Name: HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S., (Contains: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)

Hazard Class: 3 UN#: UN3295 Packing Group: III Required Label(s): 3

TDG Information:

Shipping Name: HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S., (Contains: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy)

Hazard Class: 3 UN#: UN3295 **Packing Group: III Required Label(s):** 3

International Bulk Chemical Code

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required by the IBC Code to be identified as dangerous chemicals in bulk.

Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7
IBC Code:	Category Z (slurry)

Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

None of this product's components are listed under SARA Sections 302/304 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65), CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4), TSCA 12(b), or require an OSHA process safety plan.

SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370 Subparts B and C) reporting categories

Flammable; Carcinogenicity; Acute toxicity; Specific Target Organ Toxicity; Germ Cell Mutagenicity

U.S. State Regulations

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Talc	14807-96-6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Carbon black	1333-86-4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)



WARNING

This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, Carbon black, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7
Carc:	carcinogen , 9/2/2011 (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)

Page 9 of 12 Revision date: August 5, 2020



Carbon black	1333-86-4
Care:	carcinogen , 2/21/2003 (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)

Canada Regulations

Canadian WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List (IDL)

Components of this material have been checked against the Canadian WHMIS Ingredients Disclosure List. The List is composed of chemicals which must be identified on MSDSs if they are included in products which meet WHMIS criteria specified in the Controlled Products Regulations and are present above the threshold limits listed on the IDL

Carbon black	1333-86-4
	1 %

Component Analysis - Inventory Calcium carbonate (1317-65-3)

US	CA	EU	AU	РН	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	NSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy (64742-48-9)

US	CA	EU	AU	РН	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

1,3-Butadiene, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2-methyl-1-propene, chlorinated (68081-82-3)

US	CA	EU	AU	РН	JP - ENCS			KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

Talc (14807-96-6)

US	CA	EU	AU	РН	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

Page 10 of 12	Revision date: August 5, 2020	



US	CA	EU	AU	РН	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex 1	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

US	CA	EU	AU	РН	JP - ENCS	JP - ISHL	KR KECI - Annex	KR KECI - Annex 2	KR - REACH CCA	CN	NZ	MX	TW	VN (Draft)
Yes	DSL	EIN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Preparation Date

8/13/2018

Key / Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR - European Road Transport; AU -Australia; BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand; C - Celsius; CA - Canada; CA/MA/MN/NJ/PA -California/Massachusetts/Minnesota/New Jersey/Pennsylvania*; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA -Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CFR - Code of Federal Regulations (US); CLP - Classification, Labelling, and Packaging; CN - China; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DFG -Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSD - Dangerous Substance Directive; DSL - Domestic Substances List; EC - European Commission; EEC - European Economic Community; EIN -European Inventory of (Existing Commercial Chemical Substances); EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substance Inventory; EPA -Environmental Protection Agency; EU - European Union; F - Fahrenheit; F - Background (for Venezuela Biological Exposure Indices); IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH -Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; ISHL - Japan Industrial Safety and Health Law; IUCLID - International Uniform Chemical Information Database; JP - Japan; Kow - Octanol/water partition coefficient; KR KECI Annex 1 - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) / Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL); KR KECI Annex 2 - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) / Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL), KR - Korea; LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/ Lethal Concentration; LEL - Lower Explosive Limit; LLV - Level Limit Value; LOLI - List Of LIstsTM - ChemADVISOR's Regulatory Database; MAK - Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace; MEL - Maximum Exposure Limits; MX - Mexico; Ne- Nonspecific; NFPA - National Fire Protection Agency; NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR - New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; Nq - Non-quantitative; NSL - Non-Domestic Substance List (Canada); NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; PH - Philippines; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH-Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation, and restriction of Chemicals; RID - European Rail Transport; SARA -Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; Sc - Semi-quantitative; STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit; TCCA - Korea Toxic Chemicals Control Act; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act; TW - Taiwan; TWA - Time Weighted Average; UEL - Upper Explosive Limit; UN/NA - United Nations /North American; US - United States; VLE - Exposure Limit Value (Mexico); VN (Draft) - Vietnam (Draft); WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada).



Other Information

Disclaimer:

Supplier gives no warranty whatsoever, including the warranties of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose. Any product purchased is sold on the assumption the purchaser shall determine the quality and suitability of the product. Supplier expressly disclaims any and all liability for incidental, consequential or any other damages arising out of the use or misuse of this product. No information provided shall be deemed to be a recommendation to use any product in conflict with any existing patent rights.